

獨立研究 (一) 【參考解答】

[問題一] 參考解答：

$\because x^2 - xy + y^2 = \frac{1}{4}[(x+y)^2 + 3(x-y)^2]$. 若令 $p = x+y$, $q = x-y$, 則

原方程式可化為 $28p = 3(p^2 + 3q^2)$. 由此可知 $p > 0$ 且 p 是 3 的倍數.

設 $p = 3k$, 其中 $k \in N$, 則 $28k = 3(3k^2 + q^2)$. 於是又可得 $k > 0$ 且 k 是

3 的倍數. 設 $k = 3m$, $m \in N$, 則 $28m = 27m^2 + q^2$, 因此 $28m - 27m^2 = q^2 \geq 0$.

由此可知 $m = 1$. 所以此時 $k = 3$, $p = 9$, $q = \pm 1$. 故可由方程組

$$\begin{cases} x+y=9 \\ x-y=\pm 1 \end{cases} \quad \text{得到原方程式的解}(x, y) = (5, 4) \text{ 或 } (4, 5)$$

[問題二] 參考解答：

如圖所示, 連接 \overline{OA} , \overline{OC} , $\overline{O'C}$, 在 $\triangle OCO'$ 中, $\angle OCO' = 120^\circ$. 所以

$$6\overline{OO'}^2 = 6(\overline{CO}^2 + \overline{CO'}^2 - 2\overline{CO} \cdot \overline{CO'} \cos 120^\circ) = 6(\overline{CO}^2 + \overline{CO'}^2 + \overline{CO} \cdot \overline{CO'})$$

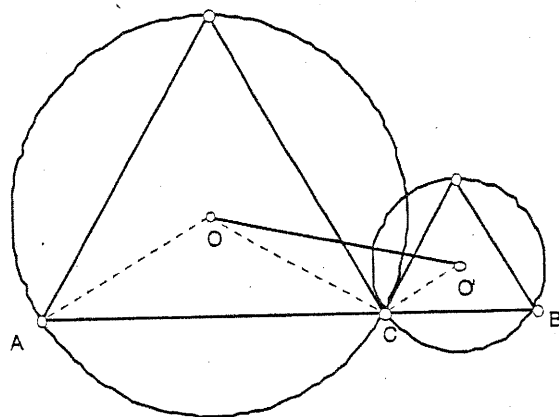
$$\text{因 } \overline{CO} = \frac{\overline{AC}}{\sqrt{3}}, \overline{CO'} = \frac{\overline{BC}}{\sqrt{3}}, \text{ 所以 } 6\overline{CO}^2 = 2\overline{AC}^2, 6\overline{CO'}^2 = 2\overline{BC}^2$$

$$\text{因而, } 6\overline{CO} \cdot \overline{CO'} = 2\overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BC} = (\overline{AC} + \overline{BC})^2 - \overline{AC}^2 - \overline{BC}^2 = \overline{AB}^2 - \overline{AC}^2 - \overline{BC}^2.$$

由此可得

$$6\overline{OO'}^2 = 2\overline{AC}^2 + 2\overline{BC}^2 + (\overline{AB}^2 - \overline{AC}^2 - \overline{BC}^2) = \overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2 + \overline{BC}^2$$

$$\text{所以 } 6\overline{OO'}^2 = \overline{AB}^2 + \overline{AC}^2 + \overline{BC}^2 = 49 + 25 + 4 = 78. \text{ 故, } \overline{OO'} = \sqrt{13}$$



[問題三] 参考解答：

$$f(a) + f(b) = a^3 - 6a^2 + 17a + b^3 - 6b^2 + 17b$$

$$= (a^3 + b^3) - 6(a^2 + b^2) + 17(a + b)$$

$$= [(a + b)^3 - 3(a + b)ab] - 6[(a + b)^2 - 2ab] + 17(a + b)$$

$$= [(a + b)^3 - 6(a + b)^2 + 17(a + b)] - 3ab[(a + b) - 4]$$

$$\text{故 } [(a + b)^3 - 6(a + b)^2 + 17(a + b) - 36] - 3ab[(a + b) - 4] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow [(a + b) - 4][(a + b)^2 - 2(a + b) + 9 - 3ab] = 0$$

$$\text{因 } (a + b)^2 - 2(a + b) + 9 - 3ab = a^2 + b^2 - ab - 2(a + b) + 9$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}[(a - b)^2 + (a - 2)^2 + (b - 2)^2 + 10] > 0$$

得 $a + b = 4$.